- (ii) At least two suppliers meet the criteria in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.
- (2) CMS publishes the list of multiple source drugs for which upper limits have been established and any revisions to the list in Medicaid Program issuances.
- (b) Specific upper limits. The agency's payments for multiple source drugs identified and listed periodically by CMS in Medicaid Program issuances must not exceed, in the aggregate, payment levels determined by applying for each drug entity a reasonable dispensing fee established by the State agency plus an amount established by CMS that is equal to 250 percent of the AMP (as computed without regard to customary prompt pay discounts extended to wholesalers) for the least costly therapeutic equivalent.
- (c) Ensuring a drug is for sale nationally. To assure that a drug is for sale nationally, CMS will consider the following additional criteria:
- (1) The AMP of a terminated NDC will not be used to set the Federal upper limit (FUL) beginning with the first day of the month after the actual termination date reported by the manufacturer to CMS.
- (2) Except as set forth in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, the AMP of the lowest priced therapeutically and pharmaceutically equivalent drug that is not less than 40 percent of the next highest AMP will be used to establish the FUL.
- (3) When the FUL group includes only the brand name drug and the first new generic or authorized generic drug which has entered the market, the criteria in paragraph (c)(2) of this section will not apply.

§ 447.516 Upper limits for drugs furnished as part of services.

The upper limits for payment for prescribed drugs in this subpart also apply to payment for drugs provided as part of skilled nursing facility services and intermediate care facility services and under prepaid capitation arrangements.

§ 447.518 State plan requirements, findings and assurances.

- (a) *State plan*. The State plan must describe comprehensively the agency's payment methodology for prescription drugs
- (b) Findings and assurances. Upon proposing significant State plan changes in payments for prescription drugs, and at least annually for multiple source drugs and triennially for all other drugs, the agency must make the following findings and assurances:
- (1) *Findings*. The agency must make the following separate and distinct findings:
- (i) In the aggregate, its Medicaid expenditures for multiple source drugs, identified and listed in accordance with §447.514(a) of this subpart, are in accordance with the upper limits specified in §447.514(b) of this subpart; and
- (ii) In the aggregate, its Medicaid expenditures for all other drugs are in accordance with §447.512 of this subpart.
- (2) Assurances. The agency must make assurances satisfactory to CMS that the requirements set forth in §§447.512 and 447.514 of this subpart concerning upper limits and in paragraph (b)(1) of this section concerning agency findings are met.
- (c) *Recordkeeping*. The agency must maintain and make available to CMS, upon request, data, mathematical or statistical computations, comparisons, and any other pertinent records to support its findings and assurances.

§ 447.520 FFP: Conditions relating to physician-administered drugs.

- (a) No FFP is available for physicianadministered drugs for which a State has not required the submission of claims using codes that identify the drugs sufficiently for the State to bill a manufacturer for rebates.
- (1) As of January 1, 2006, a State must require providers to submit claims for single source, physician-administered drugs using Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System codes or NDC numbers in order to secure rebates.
- (2) As of January 1, 2008, a State must require providers to submit claims for the 20 multiple source physician-administered drugs identified by the Secretary as having the highest

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dollar value under the Medicaid Program using NDC numbers in order to secure rebates.

- (b) As of January 1, 2007, a State must require providers to submit claims for physician-administered single source drugs and the 20 multiple source drugs identified by the Secretary using NDC numbers.
- (c) A State that requires additional time to comply with the requirements of this section may apply to the Secretary for an extension.

PART 455—PROGRAM INTEGRITY: MEDICAID

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AUTHORITY: Sec. 1102 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302).

Source: 43 FR 45262, Sept. 29, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

§ 455.1 Basis and scope.

This part sets forth requirements for a State fraud detection and investigation program, and for disclosure of information on ownership and control.

- (a) Under the authority of sections 1902(a)(4), 1903(i)(2), and 1909 of the Social Security Act, Subpart A provides State plan requirements for the identification, investigation, and referral of suspected fraud and abuse cases. In addition, the subpart requires that the State—
- (1) Report fraud and abuse information to the Department; and
- (2) Have a method to verify whether services reimbursed by Medicaid were actually furnished to recipients.
- (b) Subpart B implements sections 1124, 1126, 1902(a)(36), 1903(i)(2), and 1903(n) of the Act. It requires that providers and fiscal agents must agree to disclose ownership and control information to the Medicaid State agency.
- (c) Subpart C implements section 1936 of the Act. It establishes the Medicaid Integrity Program under which the Secretary will promote the integrity of the program by entering into contracts with eligible entities to carry out the activities of subpart C.

 $[51\ FR\ 34787,\ Sept.\ 30,\ 1986,\ as\ amended\ at\ 72\ FR\ 67655,\ Nov.\ 30,\ 2007]$

§ 455.2 Definitions.

As used in this part unless the context indicates otherwise—

Abuse means provider practices that are inconsistent with sound fiscal, business, or medical practices, and result in an unnecessary cost to the Medicaid program, or in reimbursement for